

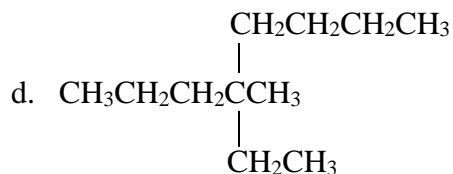
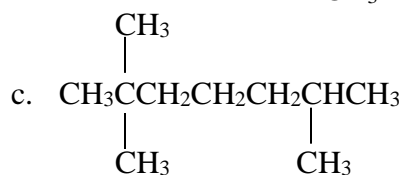
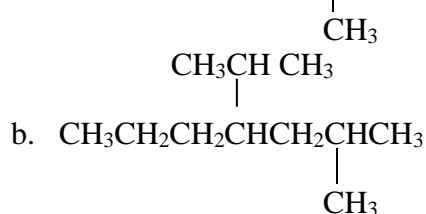
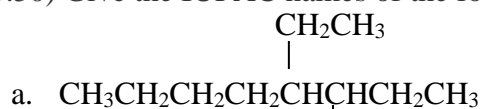
CHEM 1312
Practice Set
Organic

1. (23.41) Describe the structure of the functional group in each of the following families:
 - a. Alkene
 - b. Alcohol
 - c. Ester
 - d. Amine

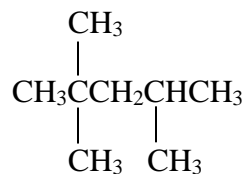
2. (23.42) Propose structures for molecules that meet the following descriptions:
 - a. A ketone with the formula $C_5H_{10}O$
 - b. An ester with the formula $C_6H_{12}O_2$
 - c. A compound with formula $C_2H_5NO_2$ that is both an amine and a carboxylic acid

3. (23.43) Write structures for each of the following molecular formulas. Rings and/or multiple bonds may be needed in some instances.
 - a. C_2H_7N
 - b. C_4H_8
 - c. C_2H_4O
 - d. CH_2O_2

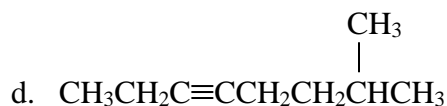
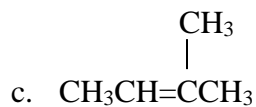
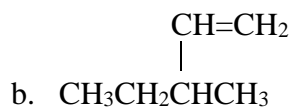
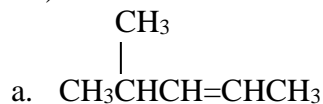
4. (23.50) Give the IUPAC names of the following alkanes:



5. (23.51) The following compound known commonly as isooctane, is used as a reference substance for determining the octane rating of gasoline. Give the IUPAC name for this substance.



6. (23.52) Write condensed structures for each of the following compounds:
- 3-Ethylhexane
 - 2,2,3-Trimethylpentane
 - 3-Ethyl-3,4-dimethylheptane
 - 5-Isopropyl-2-methyloctane
7. (23.53) Draw structures corresponding to the following IUPAC names:
- Cyclooctane
 - 1,1-Dimethylcyclopentane
 - 1,2,3,4-Tetramethylcyclobutane
 - 4-Ethyl-1,1-dimethylcyclohexane
8. (23.56) Write structural formulas for compounds that meet the following requirements:
- An alkene with five carbons
 - An alkyne with four carbons
 - A substituted aromatic compound with eight carbons
9. (23.58) Give IUPAC names for the following:



10. (23.59) Draw structures corresponding to the following IUPAC names:
- cis*-2-Hexene
 - 2-Methyl-3-hexene
 - 2-Methyl-1,3-butadiene

11. (23.60) Determine which of the following compound are capable of cis-trans isomerism:
a. 1-Hexene b. 2-Hexene c. 3-Hexene

12. (23.62) Write equations for the reaction of 2,3-dimethyl-2-butene with the following:
a. H₂ and Pd catalyst
b. Br₂
c. H₂O and H₂SO₄ catalyst

13. (23.64) Draw structure corresponding to the following names:
a. 2,4-Dimethyl-2-pentanol
b. 2,2-Dimethylcyclohexanol
c. 5,5-Diethyl-1-heptanol
d. 3-Ethyl-3-hexanol

14. (23.65) Draw structures corresponding to the following names:
a. Propylamine
b. Diethylamine
c. *N*-Methylpropylamine

15. (23.66) Determine the difference in structure between an aldehyde and a ketone.

16. Give the structural formula of:

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|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| a. 2,2,3,3-tetramethylpentane | f. 2,5-dimethylhexane |
| b. 2,3-dimethylbutane | g. 3-ethyl-2-methylpentane |
| c. 3,4,4,5-tetramethylheptane | h. 2,2,4-trimethylpentane |
| d. 4-ethyl-3,4-dimethylheptane | i. 3-chloro-2-methylpentane |
| e. 4-ethyl-2,4-dimethylheptane | j. 1,2-dibromo-2-methylpropane |

17. Draw out the structural formula and give the IUPAC name of:

- | | |
|--|---|
| a. (CH ₃) ₂ CHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃ | g. (CH ₃) ₃ CCH ₂ C(CH ₃) ₃ |
| b. CH ₃ CB _r ₂ CH ₃ | h. (CH ₃) ₂ CClCH(CH ₃) ₂ |
| c. CH ₃ CH ₂ C(CH ₃) ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃ | i. (CH ₃) ₂ CHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH(C ₂ H ₅) ₂ |
| d. (C ₂ H ₅) ₂ C(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃ | j. (CH ₃) ₂ CHCH(CH ₃)CH ₂ C(C ₂ H ₅) ₂ CH ₃ |
| e. CH ₃ CH ₂ CH(CH ₃)CH(CH ₃)CH(CH ₃) ₂ | k. (CH ₃) ₂ CHC(C ₂ H ₅) ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃ |

